

GLASGOW, August 8.

Paris papers to the 3d inst. have been received since our last. Very little is said in them upon the subject of the negotiation. A rumour however prevailed at Paris, that the conference held had been suspended till the different plenipotentiaries receive instructions as to some questions of a difficult nature. The Directory it is surmised have got the army to deliberate upon the jarrings which have taken place in Paris between them and the two councils. Malena's division has already addressed the Directory in very strong terms, and threaten to march to Paris to put their enemies to death; "Let them tremble!" say they, "Yes let these conspirators tremble!" The swords which have exterminated the armies of kings, are still in the hands of the conquerors of the Rhine, of the Sambre and Meuse, and of Italy."

The bombardment of Cadix is still carried on. The Spanish merchants have offered rewards to such seamen as act gallantly. General Maffredo has offered 1000 piasters to those who shall sink or take a British Chaloupe. Tartanes have been armed with 36 pounders and furnaces for red hot balls. The Spaniards are preparing for sea.

DUBLIN, July 16.

The rapidity with which the recent mutiny at Bandon was systematized, the number of the conspirators which we learnt to learn, greatly exceeds the utmost extent of public belief and the unheard of atrocities that were to have marked the progress of revolt, puzzle conjecture as to its yet undivined origin, while the mind is horrified at the extent of depravity.—A general confiscation of the forage, &c. which would necessarily have occupied the attention of the officers, and of other troops, was to have been the signal for the massacre of the entire 50th regiment and the light companies of the Sligo, Fermanagh and Londonderry militias, who it appears could not be reduced. The conspirators, aided by part of the inhabitants of Bandon, were to have plundered the town and the house of Lord Bandon, into which they were to have been admitted by a servant; & after the murder of all persons deemed hostile to their cause, to have marched with the pack of artillery, &c. to Bantry, whose forts they believed would receive them, or which they were otherwise to have forced, and under the standard of revolt to have waited the junction of the disaffected, and the expected aid of France.

LONDON, July 19.

Some important questions have recently been discussed in the Legislative Councils of France which seem to indicate the approach of some important crisis in the internal Government of that country. The *Milieu* (or Third) Millions of Livres, long since voted to the soldiers, has been the subject of a brief discussion in the council of Five Hundred, who have referred it to the consideration of a select committee.—Another question still more important has been agitated with great warmth and animosity in the same council—we mean the question relating to the Nonjuring clergy. It was first moved, that such of them as were imprisoned (amounting according to Lally Tollendal's account, to twenty thousand) should be released.—This motion was carried. It was next proposed, that such of them as had suffered deportation should not be considered as emigrants.—This proposition was also adopted. The last motion was, that the Nonjuring clergy should not be compelled to make a declaration of submission to the new constitution.—This also was carried at that time. But on the succeeding day, the question was revived, and on the proceeding to the *appel nominal*, or division, it was found that there were 204 for the question, and 210 against it—the tumult, however, was so great, that the President was under the necessity of immediately dissolving the council. This circumstance, which may be regarded as a trial of strength between the contending parties, will in all probability lead to important consequences.

Aug. 1.

The "Quotidienne" makes the following remarks on the subject of the present situation of gen. Buonaparte:

"Can it be supposed, that the impetuous Buonaparte will ever follow the example of Pichegru; return to Paris as an humble subject of the Directory, and bury his laurels in a tribune; the situation of republican generals has been at all times extremely critical. If they are defeated, they are punished for their misfortunes; and if they prove victorious, they are envied for their successes. If victorious Rome has a Camillus and a Cincinnatus, corrupted. Rome begot a Cesar and an Octavius. For a man surrounded with glory and power, it is a difficult task to resume the humble station of an obscure citizen; and if the will of the people does not give them a chief, the sword and the bayonet will force upon them a master."

August 8.

Yesterday evening a little before seven o'clock, Lord Grenville Levison, accompanied by Mr. Major, one of his majesty's messengers, landed at Dover from Calais, and immediately proceeded for town, where he arrived early this morning. His lordship is supposed to have brought over some very important dispatches from Lord Malinburn.

We are enabled to state, upon the best authority that the Dutch fleet have never quitted the Texel, nor admiral Duncan his station. The captain of the Circe, who brought the account was deceived by making his observations to the north of the Texel, when the English fleet is stationed to the south of that river.

Yesterday at one o'clock, we received by express, Paris journals to the 5th instant inclusive. We immediately stopped the press to communicate the substance of their contents, which our readers will find fully detailed in our paper of this day.

The contents of these papers, which are extremely important, justify all the reflections which we have lately had occasion to make on the internal state of France, and the views of the different parties in that distracted country.

It appears from the debates of the Councils that the statement given by the Directory of the march of the troops towards the metropolis was totally false. Instead of nine thousand men, said to be detached from the army of the Sambre and Meuse, the detachment amounted to between twenty six and twenty seven thousand! Nor was this force intended, as the Directory affirmed, for any naval expedition; but it was selected as we supposed for the express purpose of overawing if not of dissolving the legislative body.—The soldiers indeed, whose minds had been poisoned by emissaries from Paris, and by the Jacobin journals, which were the only papers they were permitted to read, openly proclaimed the object of their march, and uttered the grossest calumnies against the two councils. And withstanding the order received from the minister of war to return to the barracks which they had left, they continued their march to Paris, in obedience to the commands of their general Hoche, who has by this act openly hoisted the standard of rebellion.

Our readers will recollect that we stated, some time since, that Hoche and his army, known to be determined Jacobins, were the instruments on whom the Directory relied for perpetuating their own power, and for carrying into effect their own unconstitutional designs.

The Directory also appear to have effectually secured the protection of the army of Italy. Addresses have been received from two more divisions of that army, which breathe the rankless spirit of Jacobinism;—vow in public obedience, not to the constitution, but to the Directory; and devote their enemies to instant destruction. These addresses, though the very act of deliberation by which they were preceded was a direct violation of a constitutional provision, have been published by the directory, who have in consequence been called on by the Council of Five hundred to account for their conduct.

Meanwhile a formidable force, supposed to amount to 40,000 men, has arrived at Paris, in small parties; so that there can be little doubt but that the Directory will fetter the legislative body at defiance, and effectually triumph over the constitution.

Another message was delivered to the council, on the 2d instant on the subject of the finances which are a

gain slated to be in a most deplorable situation. It seems indeed that the Directory are either anxious to impute this distress to the inefficient proceedings of the Council, or by a repetition of messages on a subject so important, to divert their attention from those vigorous measures which they evince a disposition to adopt for confining the government within the bounds prescribed by the constitution.

Every circumstance combines to sanction the supposition that some dreadful explosion is on the eve of taking place. A number of Foreigners have crowded to the capital, and the Terrorists from the different departments have joined them. In short that devoted city now wears the very same appearance which it has invariably exhibited previous to every public commotion or massacre since the year 1789.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 30.

That part of the extract of a letter, published in our last, under the Pittsburgh head, which mentions, that "the inhabitants at the Natchez are in open rebellion, and have displayed the French colours," is a mistake.—It is the people of Kaskaskias, which is within the government of the North Western Territory, & where the laws of the United States have been in force for several years.—Particulars we have not yet heard, but have no doubt that some of our citizen Adversaries are among them. It is to be wished, that if any of them should fall into the hands of general Wilkinson, he will grace a pole with their heads instead of a French liberty cap.

Mr. Scull.

The information in your last paper of an insurrection among the inhabitants at Natchez is not correct. It is at Kaskaskias and in the neighbourhood of that place, that the French settlers have been incited by Spanish and French emissaries to throw off their allegiance to the United States and erect the standard of the French republic. General Wilkinson led his march with a strong detachment of Federal troops to suppress the insurgents.—These wicked French emissaries are also endeavouring to persuade the Indians into another war with us, and a party of the savages has actually attempted to get possession of Fort Recovery, but were defeated with the loss of two or three killed. It gives us great uneasiness to learn that three Frenchmen who passed through this place some weeks ago, have been addressing themselves to Complanter's Indians and telling them that they were oppressed by the United States and would never be happy until their old friends the French were in possession of the country again. It is said the Indians listened to these speeches with great attention, and there is reason to fear the vile incendiaries who are now among the western tribes will be too successful in their endeavours to kindle the flames of another bloody war on our frontier.

NOTICE,

That I shall meet with the commissioners appointed by the court of Franklin county, at Thomas Logan's, on the waters of South Fork, of Reddon's creek, in order to take the depositions of sundry witnesses on the tenth of November, to establish the claim of William Armstrong, of 2000 acres.

ROBERT ARMSTRONG.

October 9, 1797.

NOTICE

To all whom it may concern, that I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Jefferson, on Monday the 28th of October 1797, at an entry made in the name of Lucas Vannardall, on the 28th day of February 1783, adjoining James Dowdall's land, on a small creek of Floyd's fork, on the south, north and east—then and there to perpetuate testimony, and do such other things as may be deemed necessary in order to establish a claim of 7400 and one fourth acres of land according to law.

LUCAS VANNARDALL.

ALL persons are forewarned from purchasing negroes, stock, or household furniture, or utensils of any kind from Robert Sutton. As it hath been generally thought that the property that was on the land that he was living on, was his—but to assure the public it is a mistake, for he hath not any property that is his own.—It is only lent to his wife by me, till I shall want it.

Wm. SUTTON.

October 8, 1797.

LEXINGTON:

Wednesday, October 11, 1797.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of character at Cahokia to a gentleman at Detroit, dated June 16, 1797.

"An American party to the number, it is said, of 120, have displayed the standard of the French republic—have adopted the name of Sans Culottes, and will acknowledge no other laws than the French laws. The justices already say that they dare not set on the bench—I believe they have reason to fear."

For Sale,

THE LOTS IN NEW-GARDEN.

NEW-GARDEN is a town lately laid out on an eligible situation, on part of that tract of land, well known by the name of English Station, on the south bank of Dick's river, in the neighborhood of a very fertile settlement. It is unnecessary to enumerate the many advantages that accompany New-Garden; it abounds in good springs, good timber, sand and limestone, (which are essential for building,) thro' which passes the great influx of emigration from the Eastern States to Kentucky.

The sale of said lots will commence on the premises on the 1st of November next, and will continue until the 31st, where due attention will be given by the subscriber or his agent, the purchaser giving bond and approved security—one third of the purchase money to be paid in three months from the day of sale, the remaining two thirds payable in eighteen months from the day of sale; at which time a general warranty deed will be executed for said lots.

Lucas Sullivan.

THIS is to give notice that I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the court of Bourbon county, at John Hedger's in the county aforesaid, I intend to take depositions on the 21st day of November ensuing, for the purpose of establishing an entry of 400 acres of land, made in the name of Jeremiah Barnett, on the waters of Hutton, and surveyed for Samuel Megehe, and do such other things as may be necessary and according to law.

Samuel Megehe.

October 9, 1797.

NOTICE,

TO all whom it may concern, that I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Jefferson, on Monday the 30th of October 1797, at an entry made in the name of James Dowdall, on the 29th May 1780, for 500 acres, upon a treasury warrant, on a small creek, a branch of Floyd's fork, about four miles south of Harrod's race, to include a cabin, and improvement made by PAUL, then and there to perpetuate testimony and do such other things as may be deemed necessary in order to establish said 500 acres of land agreeable to law.

On the same day I will attend the commissioners appointed by the county court of Jefferson, on an entry made February 2d 1783, in the name of James Dowdall, for 3016 acres on two treasury warrants, No. on a branch of Floyd's fork, joining his 500 acre tract, on the east—then and there to perpetuate testimony and do such other things as may be deemed necessary, in order to establish the said 3016 acres of land agreeable to law.

Adam Steel.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near the mouth of Tate's creek, a dark bay mare, a part of her off hind foot white, has a star in her forehead, and a long snip on her nose, about 4 feet 2 inches high, 2 years old last spring, appraised to 7l.

GEORGE REDMAN.

Madison county,

June 27th 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Scott county, about two miles of Tarlton's tavern, on the South fork of Elkhorn, a black horse, 4 years old this spring, 14 hands high, no brands nor marks perceivable, the right hind foot white, appraised to 12l.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER.

June 26

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Campbell county, near the mouth of Well's creek, a dark brown mare, about 14 hands high, 9 or 10 years old, branded on the near shoulder with R. with a star and snip, and some saddle marks, the near hind foot white, appraised to forty dollars.

DAVID SMITH.

Ten Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or stolen on the night of the 4th inst. out of the pasture of Mr. David Mitchell, on Cane run, Fayette county, a bay Mare, three years old last spring, about five feet high, blind of the near eye, branded on the near shoulder thus:

WMC

Some white in her forehead. Whoever takes up and secures said mare, and thief (if stolen) that the owner may get his mare again, and the thief be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, or for the mare alone, two dollars, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by the subscriber, living on Hingiton's fork of Licking, near Miller's mill, Bourbon county.

Wm. McCLINTOCK.

9th October, 1797.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RUNAWAY, on the 18th of September, from the three islands, a servant man, about 22 years of age, of the name of John Cleveland, he had on when he went away, a brown cap, a pair of linen trousers, a handkerchief tied about his head, he is about five feet ten inches high. It is supposed he has gone to his brothers, within fourteen or fifteen miles of Lexington. Whoever takes up said John Cleveland, and secures him, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by me.

Armed Adams.

October 7, 1797.

On the first of November next, the commissioners appointed by the court of Bourbon county, will attend at the beginning corner of an entry of 900 acres, made in the name of James Garnet, in the year 1780, six miles from the Lower Blue Licks, about one mile north west of a little deer lick, on Boon's tract, in the forks of a branch between Boon's and Hingiton's tracts. Then and there to take the deposition of witnesses to perpetuate their testimony respecting said corner, and do such other things as may be necessary and agreeable to law.

THOMAS AMMON.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Empowered to sell the following tracts of lands viz.
1443 acres, on Panther creek, Nelson county.
2000 acres, ditto.
4266 acres, ditto.
5333 acres, near the mouth of Green river, Hardin county.
3200 acres, Bourbon county, on the waters of Big Sandy.
500 acres, ditto, on the waters of the North fork of Licking, and waters of Johnson's fork of Licking.
220 acres, Fayette county, near the dividing ridge between the fork of Licking and Elkhorn.
2666 acres, of Continental Military land on the Ohio river, and Patoka creek.
1000 acres, ditto, on the waters of Clay lick creek.
1000 acres, ditto, on Clay lick creek, waters of Cumberland the terms may be known by application to Mr. Samuel Aysen in Lexington, or Mr. Achilles Sneed in Frankfort or to the subscribers.

JOHN DANIEL.

Franklin District (to wit.)

August Term, 1797.

John Patrick, Claimant, vs. James Wilkinson, and M^{rs} Connell's heirs et al. Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

ON the motion of the Complainant by his counsel, and it appearing to the court that the order to advertise, formerly awarded herein, against the defendant Wilkinson, has not been published agreeably to law, and the said James still appearing to be no inhabitant of this State (having also failed to enter his appearance herein agreeably to a rule of court)—It is therefore ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of the next December term of this court, and answer the bill of the complainant—and that a copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and published at the door of Hickman's meeting-house in some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the State-house in the town of Frankfort.

(A Copy.) To be,

Willis Lee, C. F. D.

Last Notice.

ALL those indebted to the subscriber are once more requested to pay up their respective accounts. Also those indebted to West and Guthrie are requested to make payment to the subscriber, as that partnership is dissolved by mutual consent.

N. B. Nelson Thomsen is authorized to settle the above accounts.

Sept. 27. EDWARD WEST.

Take Notice.

THAT the twenty third day of October next will attend with Commissioners appointed by the county court of Shelby, at an entry made by Isaac Larue five thousand acres of the third of February 1783, upon part of a treasury warrant number 14784, to adjoin Isaac Larue's entry, about two miles east of Jephtha's mountain, on the south side, and beginning one mile west of his south west corner; and then and there take on oath the depositions of sundry witnesses to ascertain the special calls of said entry and perpetuate testimony thereof and to do such other things in the premises, as the said commissioners are authorized to do by the act of assembly in the case made and provided.

ISAAC LARUE.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to all persons claiming lands on Pittman's creek, near the mouth, in Green county, that I shall attend on the twenty fourth day of October next, with the commissioners, in order to take depositions respecting a certain tract of land on Pittman's creek, near Green river, granted to col. John Harvie and Christopher Clark, at a certain spring about two miles and a half from Pittman's station, the said spring is near the Cumberland old trail, and within one hundred yards of a marked forked cleft tree, which tree is the beginning of said land.

Micajah Clark.

Attorney for Christopher Clark, Sept. 23.

Notice.

COMMISSIONERS appointed by an order of the court of Hardin county will attend on Thursday the 10th of October next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, to take the depositions of witnesses, and to perpetuate testimony respecting the following entry, viz. Michael Mires enters 550 acres on a treasury warrant, No. 4838, on the waters of Otter creek, about three miles from John May's entry of 2000 acres, at the beginning of said land on a Spanish and White oak, marked 114 MC.

MICHAEL MIRES.

NOTICE.

THAT whereas John Hickman, on 25th day of April 1780, made an entry of 2000 acres in Kentucky, in virtue of a warrant for military services performed by him in the last war, lying on the head of Little Kentucky, and Bartlett's Folly, a branch of Orenth's creek, running in on the north side to include the head branches of both creeks;—and the county court of Shelby at their July term, appointed certain commissioners to ascertain and prove the special calls in said entry, under the act of assembly in that case made and provided. This is therefore to notify all persons concerned, that I will attend with said commissioners, on the said entry, on Tuesday the 7th day of November next, in order to take the depositions of witnesses to ascertain the special calls in said entry and to do whatever else the said commissioners shall deem necessary to perpetuate the said claim, agreeable to the said act of assembly.

CHARLES LYNCH, for JOHN HICKMAN.

September 19, 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Clarke county, on the Kentucky river, two sorrel mares, 3 years old, chestnut sorrel. About thirteen hands high, with a blaze face, the other is a bright bay with a white mane & tail, and a small star in her forehead, no brand perceivable, appraised to \$21.

THOMAS ELLIOTT.

July 26

WILLIAM REED,

CHAIR MAKER

WISHES to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has re-commenced the chair making business, at his shop on Main street, next door to lawyer Hughes's and Capt John Pollock's, where any person favoring him with their custom may depend upon having their work well done, and on the shortest notice. I would take a lad about fifteen or sixteen years of age, to learn the chair making and house painting business.

NICHOLAS BRIGHT,

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER.

RETURNS his thanks to his customers for their past favors, and hopes by his attention to business, to merit them in future. He begs leave to inform the public in general that he has removed his shop to face the public square, two doors from Mr. Brent's tavern—where he continues to carry on the above business, in all its branches. He will give generous wages to three or four good journeymen.

Lexington, September 16.

For Sale.

IN LEXINGTON, The corner of Main and Cross streets.

The corner of Cross and Water streets. The Stone House on Water street, and that Commodious House and lot on High street. For terms apply to Maj. James Morrison in Lexington, or to the subscriber, on Main Elkhorn, six miles from Frankfort.

BENJ. S. COX.

September 25, 1797.

Strayed or Stolen, FROM Lexington on the 20th of August last, a dapple, or iron gray Mare, five years old, about fourteen hands and an inch high, branded on the near jaw thus S, well formed, a natural trotter, a long swab tail, has been bobbed but is grown long. Whoever will secure her and deliver her to William Simpson in Lexington, shall be generously rewarded, and if stolen, for the mare and tail I will give fifty dollars reward.

Andrew Barnett.

September 29, 1793.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

HAVING obtained from the county court of Bourbon, an order appointing commissioners to perpetuate testimony respecting an entry, marked F, being the beginning corner of my entry, for 400 acres, made with the surveyor of the then county of Fayette, on the 6th day of January 1783, upon two treasury warrants, No. 9119 and 9118, on the dividing ridge between Hingiton's fork of Licking, and the salt spring fork. All concerned are therefore desired to take notice, that on the 27th day of October 1797, I shall by my attorney in fact, attend with the commissioners at the said salt spring, being the beginning corner of my aforesaid entry, when and where, I shall take depositions to perpetuate the same, and do further acts as may be necessary thereto, and the law may authorize.

AMBROSE RUCKER.

Take Notice.

THAT on the twenty ninth of October next, I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Hardin, on an entry made in the name of John Larue, upon a part of a treasury warrant of six thousand acres, lying on Ohio, opposite to the black oak grove, where John Pen's land is entered; beginning on the under bank, and running up the same, so far as land is found vacant. Then and there to take on oath the depositions of sundry witnesses, to ascertain the special calls of said entry and perpetuate the testimony thereof, and to do such other things on the premises as the said commissioners are authorized and required to do by the act of assembly in that case made and provided.

Isom Inlow.

Six Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or stolen out of the inclosure of the widow Arnold, on the Dry ridge, a likely gray mare, of the following description, viz. six or seven years old, about fourteen and a half hands high, a natural trotter, branded on the near shoulder and buttock P R B, some hair clipped from under her fore top, fluid round. Whoever returns said mare to the subscriber, who lives at Warwich, on the Kentucky river, Mercer county, shall have the above reward. If the thief and mare be discovered and delivered to me as aforesaid, twenty dollars reward.

Sept. 25, 1797.

N. B. Reasonable expenses will be paid by the subscriber.

NOTICE.

THAT application will be made to the county court of Lincoln, at their December court by the subscriber hereof, for an order to establish a town, to be called New Garden, on part of a tract of land formerly the property of Charles English, on which was that well known place called Englishes station; also for the purpose of appointing and vesting in certain trustees, the aforesaid premises, agreeable to an act of the general assembly of Kentucky, entitled "an act concerning the establishing towns."

LUCAS SULLIVANT, Town of Wallington.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, Clarke county, a bay horse, white hairs about his eyes and nose, white spots on his withers, no perceivable brand, five feet high, 7 years old, appraised to \$18.

PRINCE SNOW.

June 27.

TO BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, ON Thursday the 21 day of November next, the tract of land where capt. John Ellis, deceased, formerly lived, containing 3.8 acres, lying 3 miles from Lexington, on the main road to Clarke court-house, by way of Strode's. There are three improvements on said tract, one containing 70 or 80 acres cleared, a frame dwelling house, 34 by 22, with three rooms below and two above, two stone chimneys with two fire places in each, a good kitchen and meat house, a large hewed log barn, with several other convenient hoofs, a peach orchard of about 500 trees, and a small apple and cherry orchard. There is about 20 acres cleared on the other two improvements, with several good cabins. Also, a small tract of 47 acres, lying within half a mile of the above, there is a good cabin on it, and 7 or 8 acres cleared. The whole of the land will be sold together, or in parcels, as it will best suit the purchaser on the day of sale. There will be twelve months credit allowed the purchaser, his giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the date, if not punctually paid. Attendance will be given on the premises by.

TIMOTHY PARRISH, JAMES PARRISH, LINDSEY BURRAGE, JOHN MARTIN, ROBT. BUCKNER, JACOB FISHER, A. MONTGOMERY.

Guardians.

Sept. 32, 1797.

MRS GRAY'S SCHOOL, for the instruction of YOUNG LADIES, will commence, (for the second quarter,) on the 7th of November next. As the scholars that are with her at present will be preferred, he is desirous that those who wish to continue, may make early application.—Price of the second quarter will be Five Pounds per Scholar, Five Dollars of which is required in advance.

October 6th, 1797.

I the public, I presume, has seen a piece inserted by Benjamin S. Cox and Joseph Fenwick, in the Kentucky Gazette, with the design of injuring me, in the sale of my lands. Their publication (malicious as it is) should pass un-answered, but that I am apprehensive this silence might be construed into a confession of their charges and an acknowledgment of their claim.—Now I do assert that I never sold land to Daniel Broadhead, nor can he legally claim a part of property under me.—If he could, why do not the persons claiming under him, make it appear? I have been three years constantly in this State, and always desirous that my land disputes might be terminated, as during their continuance I have been exposed to much cruel and unmerited censure. In all this time little, or nothing has been done by my opponents. Messrs. Cox and Fenwick have published that for all the lands advertised by them, a suit has been commenced in the court of Quarter Sessions for Fayette. That I deny. This true subpoena issued against me in the Fayette District, in April last,—but is equally true, that the contents have never yet filled their bill. From those circumstances, the public, I think may form a just estimate of the validity of their title. A claim so important, if it could have been established, would not have been so long neglected; or, at least, after commencing suit, they would have pursued with more keenness if they had imagined they had any chance of success. These lands I shall continue to sell, and I trust I shall be able to retire the debts of any person who is disposed to buy. Let Messrs. Cox and Fenwick, in future know, that I despise the hypocritical cant of their publication. After accusing me of fraudulent intentions as well innocent people—they kindly say they have no intention of injuring me. Let me ask the gentleman if they would not think such a charge injurious? To them, indeed it might not be so—but most men would feel it sensibly, and in spite of their farming complaisance, would respect it as I do.

B. NETHERLAND.

SACRED TO THE MUSES.

THE HUSKING.

THE days grow short, but tho' the
falling Sun
To the glad swain, proclaims his day's
work done,
Night's pleasing shades his various
tasks prolong,
And yield new subjects to my various
song.
For now the corn-house fill'd, the har-
vest home,
Th' invited neighbors to the husking
come;
A frolic scene, where work, and mirth
and play,
Unite their charms to chase the hours
away.

Where the long heap lies center'd in
the hall,
The lamp suspended from the cheer-
ful wall,
Brown corn-fed Nymphs, and strong
hard-handed beaux,
Alternate rang'd, extend in circling
rows,
Assume their seats, the solid masts at-
tack;
The dry husks rattle, & the corn-cobs
crack;
The song, the laugh, alternate notes
resound,
And the sweet cider tips in silence
round.

The laws of husking every wight can
tell,
And sure no laws he ever kept so well;
For each red ear a general kiss he
gains,
With each fruit ear he smuts the luc-
kless swain;
But when to some sweet maid a prize
is cast,
Red as her lips and taper as her waist,
She walks the round and culls one fa-
vorite bean,
Who leaps, the luscious tribute to be-
flow.
Various the sport, as are the wits and
brains
Of well pleas'd lasses, and contending
swains;
'Till the vast mound of corn is swept
away,
And he that gets the last ear wins the
day.

Meanwhile the house-wife urges all
her care
The well earn'd feast to hasten and
prepare,
The milk already waits her
hand,
The fift is arsen'd, the bowls in order
stand,
The fire flames high, and as a pool
(that takes
The headlong stream that o'er the
mill-dam breaks)
Foams, roars and rages with incessant
toils,
So the vex'd children rages, roars and
boils.
First with clean salt the fasons well the
food,
Then strews the flour, and thackens all
the flood.
Long o'er the flaming fire she lets
it stand,
To stir it well, deserves a stronger
hand;
The husband takes his turn, & round
and round
The ladle flies; at last the toil is
crown'd;
When to the board the thronging
hulkers pour,
And take their seats as at the corn be-
fore.

God keep me from him whom I trust,
from him whom I trust not I will keep
myself.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, ei-
ther by bond, note or book account, are
requested to come forward and make pay-
ment to Mr. Thomas C. Howard, on or before the
15th of this inst. as I intend setting out for
Baltimore and Philadelphia, about that time.
Those who do not avail themselves of this no-
tice, may rest assured, that they will be
dealt with as the law directs, at the expiration
of said time—therefore I am in hopes this no-
tice will be attended to, without further trou-
ble, as I am determined to have all my accounts
satisfactorily settled by the 15th day of December next,
G. O. TEGARDEN.

September 2, 1797.

All persons for whom I loca-
tion, are desired to come forward and pay
off their respective balances, in order for a di-
vision, otherwise I shall petition the different
courts for a division—Also all persons who have
any demands against me for land, are desired to
come forward, as I am ready to discharge the
same.

I have for sale twelve thousand acres of land,
on Little Kentucky, and Floyd's Fork, be-
tween eighteen and thirty miles from the Falls
of Ohio, of a good quality, and lies level, which
I will sell on reasonable terms for cash or ne-
gatives, and make a general warranty deed.
B. NETHERLAND.

March 16, 1797.

33 FOR SALE.

400 Acres of Military Land.
LYING in the county of Clarke, about 12
miles from Lexington on the main road
leading from Clance to Clarke court house, ad-
joining the land of Hubbard Taylor.—This
land lies well, is all of the first quality, and of
indisputable title—a deed of general warranty
will be given. Any person inclined to see it
will be gratified by Mr. Taylor. Those desir-
ing may be known applying to Mr. John Col-
by in Lexington, or to Capt. Richard Colby
on Beargrass.

Aaron Fontaine.

Jefferson, March 5, 1797.
The whole will be sold together, or di-
vided into one, or two hundred acres, as
may best suit the purchaser. A. F.

43 WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Two or three Apprentices
To the Carpenter's and Shop Joiner's
Business. Also two or three

Good Journeymen,
for House work, in whom generous
wages will be given.

JOHN SPANGLER.

Lexington, April 12.

11 Doctor Samuel Brown.

BEGS leave to inform the PUBLIC,
that he will practice MEDICINE,
and SURGERY in LEXINGTON and its
vicinity—He occupies the house in
which Mr. Love lately lived, opposite
to Mr. Stewart's printing office.
He will undertake, on reasonable
terms, to instruct one or two pupils,
who can bring good recommendations.
September 3, 1795. if

11 JOHN COONS, COPPER-SMITH.

Informs his friends and the public,
that he has just received a quantity of
Copper of the best quality, at his shop
in Lexington where they may be sup-
plied with any kind of work in his
line on the most reasonable terms.

12 FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:
THREE NEW STILLS of the best
quality, and the vessels fitting the
same, all made last fall, and in good
order. Also, a LIKELY YOUNG NE-
GRO MAN, a good distiller. Also a
VERY LIKELY NEGRO GIRL, fifteen
years of age. Also, the noted horse
called THE FERGUSON GRAY. I will
take in exchange, likely young geld-
ings and brood mares. Any gentle-
man inclining to purchase, may apply
to the subscriber living on Cane run,
four miles from Lexington, Fayette
county.
SAMUEL BEILER.

THE managers of the Lexington Clance of
Insurance, have authorized Mr. Samuel Pol-
lard of Lexington, to receive any money
that may be due to them for tickets, and also
to pay such sums as may be due to the holders
of fortunate numbers—wherefore, all those
who are indebted are requested to make im-
mediate payment.

THE MANAGERS.

Lexington, September 2, 1797.

TAKE NOTICE.

THE administration taken on the
estate of John May dec. by Mr.
David Reiss, is superseded, by the
qualifying of the Executrix, named
by the will of the said deceased.
Therefore all those who have any de-
mands against the said estate, and have
not already delivered them to the
late administrator, will forward them
to Mr. Richard Stephens of Nelson
county, that arrangements may be
made to discharge them. Al-
so those who may be indebted to the
said estate, will please to pay the same
to the said Stephens, whom I have ap-
pointed my agent in the state of Ken-
tucky.

THOMAS LEWIS,

Acting in behalf of the Executrix
July 18, 1797.

26 NOTICE.

CHARLES HUGHREYS

HAS recommenced business in the Brick Store
opposite the Courthouse, lately occupied
by Hugh McIlwain Esq. who he has disposed
of a great variety of articles, consisting of

DRY GOODS, HAD WARE,
QUEEN'S WARE, ROCHESTER,
And a small quantity of PATENT
MEDICINE.

96 LAND FOR ALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAS several tracts of land in dif-
ferent parts of Kentucky, for
sale, which he will dispose of reason-
ably.

JOHN CLAY.

Lexington, 4th August, 1796.

50 For sale.

THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND.

ONE tract lying in the county of Campbell,
on the waters of Locust creek, containing
2500 acres. One tract, lying on Long Lick
creek, a branch of Rough creek, Harlan county,
about seven miles from Harlan settlement, con-
taining 2500 acres.

These lands will be disposed of on mode-
rate terms; one half of the purchase money to
be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve
months will be given; the purchaser giving
bond with approved security. Any plan in-
clined to purchase, may know the true state
of the above lands, by applying to Capt. Robt. Craddock in Driville,
JOHN W. HOLT, to be taken
for THOS. HOLT.

IRON BANK.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.

ONE thousand acres of Land, lying North-
West of the Ohio, containing an extensive
bank of excellent Ore, as the subscribers suppose
—the quality of this ore has been ascertained by
Mr. Sargant of Lexington, to whom any person
desirous of purchasing can apply for information.
The above tract of land lies about
twelve miles from the Ohio river, and about
one mile from Little Scioto, which empties
a few miles above the three miles—A stream
supposed to be well calculated for a furnace
runs through the land, and has a fall of thirty
feet at one foot, and about three quarters of a
mile from the bank of one—For further particu-
lars apply to Mr. Alexander Parker of Lex-
ington, or the subscribers in Washington.

BASIL DUKE.

JOHN COBURN.

April 21, 1797.

48 NOTICE.

WHEREAS the partnership of Alexander
and James Parker being dissolved by the
death of James, the executors of the deceased,
earnestly request all those indebted to the said
firm, by bond, note or book account, to come
forward immediately and settle their respective
balances; likewise all those who have any de-
mands against said firm, to bring them forward
properly authenticated, for satisfaction, as the
debts of the deceased must be immediately paid
and the partnership settled.—No indulgence can
be expected.

ALEX. PARKER.

JOHN COBURN.

JOHN BRADFORD.

Lexington, April 12, 1797.

GREAT BARGAINS!

I HAVE on hand, (at my store opposite the
Market house, Lexington) a good assort-
ment of

MERCHANDISE,

adapted to the approaching season, which I will
sell at all times lower than goods have ever
been sold in Kentucky.

As the above notice is really intended to be
complied with on my part, I have no doubt but
those who incline to purchase goods, either
whole sale or retail, will on application, be sa-
tisfactorily accommodated.

M. SATTERWHITE.

September 29, 1797.

Julius M'Dowell and Daniel Wortman Plaintiffs,
vs
Christopher Bryant, Thomas Carr, Edward West-
ington, William Welch, Elizabeth Welch, Thomas
Shepherd, William Shepherd and Mary Shepherd
Defendants.

In Chancery.

The defendants not having
entered their appearance agreeable to law, and
the rules of this court, and it appearing to the
satisfaction of the court that they are non res-
pondents of this cause; on the motion of the com-
plainants by their counsel, it is ordered that
the said defendants do appear here on the 15th
day of November next, and answer the bill of
the complainant—that a copy of this order be
forthwith published in the Kentucky Gazette for
two months successively, and time Sunday im-
mediately after divine service, at the Presby-
terian meeting-house in the town of Lexington,
and another copy be posted at the door of the
court-house in the town of Lexington.
(A Copy) To be
Levi Todd, C. F. C.

John M'Dowell, complainant,

vs

George Clark, defendant,

IN CHANCERY.

The defendant not having
entered his appearance agreeable to law, and
the rules of this court, and it appearing to the
satisfaction of the court that he is non res-
pondent of this cause; on the motion of the com-
plainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the
said defendant do appear on the 15th day of
November next, and answer the bill of the
complainant—that a copy of this order be
forthwith published in the Kentucky Gazette for
two months successively, and time Sunday im-
mediately after divine service, at the Presby-
terian meeting-house in the town of Lexington,
and another copy be posted at the door of the
court-house in the town of Lexington.
(A Copy) To be
Levi Todd, C. F. C.

WHEREAS Benjamin Netherland,
who is well known to the peo-
ple of Kentucky, has advertised se-
veral tracts of land in this state for
sale, we have given this friendly no-
tice to those whom it may concern,
that we have a claim to the following
tracts of land, which were sold by the
said Netherland, to Daniel Broad-
head, viz:

5000 acres in Cox's district, 1000 on
Floyd's fork, 5000 on do. 500 on do.
5000 on do. 3311 on Green river, 152
on Sandy, including a salt spring,
1000 on Licking creek, 5000 near the
Big Bone lick, 1000 on Eagle creek,
500 on the waters of the Ohio, 2,400
and a quarter, at the mouth of Dick's
river, 23½ and a half, on Jessamine,
1000 on do. 1620 on Hickman creek,
10,000 acres located by Samuel John-
son in Fayette county, 500 acres on
Elkhorn, five hundred acres on
do. 2000 acres on Jessamine, all of
which are entered in the name of
Benjamin Netherland. One moiety
of the following tracts, viz: 1030 on
Floyd's fork, 2000 on Little Bullskin,
1000 on do. 1000 on do. 1000 on do.
1000 on Floyd's fork, entered in the
name of Benjamin Netherland, and
William May, 1000 acres on Jessa-
mine, 2,000 acres on Hickman, entered
in the name of John Mays, 1000
acres on Hickman, entered in the
name of John Brown, 1335 acres en-
tered in the name of Benjamin Ne-
therland and John Bruce, 335 acres
entered in the last mentioned name.
The two last mentioned tracts on Lick-
ing creek, and 7,500 acres on Clear
creek, entered in the name of Thomas
Turpin, 6,800 acres, entered in the
name of Nicholas Mosby, near rap-
ids, Craig's, 16,300 and a half acres on JEs-
samine, entered in the name of
Charles Scott, 1000 acres on Jessamine,
entered in the name of William Strat-
ford, the whole of which was the pro-
perty of said Netherland, 5000 acres
on Hickman, entered in the name of
John Curt, 1000 and a half acres on
Hickman entered in the name of Wil-
liam Bradshaw, 5000 acres lying on
Licking, entered in the name of John
George, and Melding Lewis, 3000 ac-
res lying on the waters of Floyd's
fork, and Bear grass, entered in the
name of Hubbard Taylor and Benja-
min Netherland, 5,500 on Floyd's
fork, entered in the name of William
May, 9,100 acres entered in the
name of Mildred Lightfoot, on the
waters of the Ohio, 3122 acres on
Kentucky, entered in the name of
Francis Harris, 4000 on Harrod's
creek, 1000 on Floyd's fork, 1500 on
Floyd's fork, entered in the name of
William May, 1000 on Ohio, entered
in the name of John May and John
Harvie, 1310 acres on Floyd's fork,
entered in the name of Benjamin Ne-
therland and Peter Coleman, 2000 ac-
res on Floyd's fork entered in the
name of Francis Taylor, 6000 acres
on Kentucky, entered in the name of
Samuel Oldham, 5000 acres entered
in the name of Benjamin Netherland,
lying on Green river, 200 acres on
Floyd's fork, entered in the name of
Benjamin Netherland and Richard
Taylor, 1000 acres on Elkhorn, en-
tered in the name of John and Benja-
min Netherland, 1000 acres, and another
tract of 210 entered in the name of
Benjamin Netherland, lying between
the North and South forks of Elkhorn;
with all other lands the pro-
perty of the said Netherland.—For
all these lands there is a suit now com-
menced in the quarter session court for
the county of Fayette. We do not
give this notice with intention to in-
jure said Netherland, but to prevent
innocent people from being defrauded.
BEN. S. COX, and
JOSEPH FENWICK.

BLANK BONDS,